Reviewing Your Notice of Monetary Determination

RECONNECT

CLAIMANT

What is a Notice of Monetary Determination?

The Notice of Monetary Determination is a notification letter sent to you after you apply for Reemployment Assistance that will tell you if you are monetarily eligible for benefits.

What does Monetary eligibility mean?

1. You earned enough wages during the base period, and
2. You have worked during the base period for an employer that pays Reemployment Assistance taxes to the Department of Revenue or reimburses the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund for benefits paid.

Florida's Reemployment Assistance Program is funded entirely through taxes paid by employers and federal funds. There are **NO** deductions from a claimant's wages to fund this program.

What is a Base Period?

A 12-month period of time used to measure any wages you earned from an employer. It is the first four quarters of the previous five completed calendar quarters before you filed your claim.

Requirements to be monetarily eligible:

1. You **MUST** have earned at least $3,400 during the base period,
2. You **MUST** have a minimum of two quarters of wages, and
3. Your total base period wages **MUST** be more than 1.5 x the highest wage quarter.

Note: If you have been determined monetarily eligible, that does not mean Reemployment Assistance benefits can be paid; it only means you had enough earnings in the base period to proceed with the next steps in processing your claim.

The Monetary Determination will tell you:

- How your total Benefit Amount is determined.
- Your Weekly Benefit Amount (WBA), which is the amount of money you can get each week.
- Your Maximum Benefit Amount (MBA), which is the maximum amount of money you can get in the Benefit Year.
- Your Benefit Year End date, which is one year from the date you submitted your application.

Sample of a Notice of Monetary Determination:

FLORIDACOMMERCE
REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
PO BOX 5250
TALLAHASSEE, FL 32314-5250

Ron DeSantis
Govenor

J. Alex Kelly
Secretary

SAMPLE CLAIMANT
3425 W 114TH ST
MIAMI CITY, FL 33101

Distribution/Mailed Date:
3/5/2024

NOTICE OF MONETARY DETERMINATION

Social Security Number	Claim Type	Benefit Year Begin Date	Benefit Year End Date
***-**-6721	Regular UC	2/11/2024	2/10/2025

Date Determined	Base Period		Reason Ineligible	Eligible	
	From	Thru		Weekly Benefit Amount	Maximum Benefit Amount
3/4/2024	10/1/2022	9/30/2023	Pending Wage Requests: None	$242	$2948

Dates of your base period. The wages used during this time are shown in the Quarterly Base Period Wages table and are divided by the quarter.

These dates show you the year your RA claim will be active. The benefit year begin date starts the Sunday of the week you filed your claim.

Your MBA. Per Florida law, the maximum amount a person can receive is $3300.

Your WBA. Per Florida law, the maximum amount a person can receive is $275.

Your wages used to calculate your WBA and MBA.

You recently submitted an application for reemployment assistance. Listed below are your base period wages and employer(s) according to our records. These wages were used to calculate your Weekly and Maximum Benefit Amounts. The amounts listed are based on wages paid during the base periods indicated below.

EMPLOYER LEGAL / TRADE NAME Unemployment Tax Account #/ Federal ID (FEIN / FEID) #	Quarterly Base Period Wages				Total Gross Wages Paid
	Oct/Nov/Dec 2022	Jan/Feb/Mar 2023	Apr/May/June 2023	Jul/Aug/Sep 2023	
Sample Employer A LLC / 2475566	$0.00	$6,317.00	$3,762.63	$70.17	$10,149.83
Sample Employer B LLC / 3196058	$0.00	$0.00	$950.00	$695.00	$1,645.00
Totals:	$0.00	$6,317.00	$4,712.63	$765.17	$11,794.83

There is an eleigibility issue related to your claim that could potentially prevent you from receiving benefits shown on this document. Please log into your online account http://www.floridajobs.org/ to receive additional information on the status of this issue.

If the wages listed above are inaccuate according to your records, please log into your on-line account http://www.floridajobs.org/ and fill out a request for monetary reconsideration. You will need to submit proof of any discrepancies. If you have any questions regarding your federal or military wages, employers or wages listed for another state, or the combining of your Florida wages to file a claim in another state; please call 1-800-204-2418. Further instructions and explanations are included in the Additional Information page attached to this notice.

FloridaCommerce FORM UCB-11 (REV.)

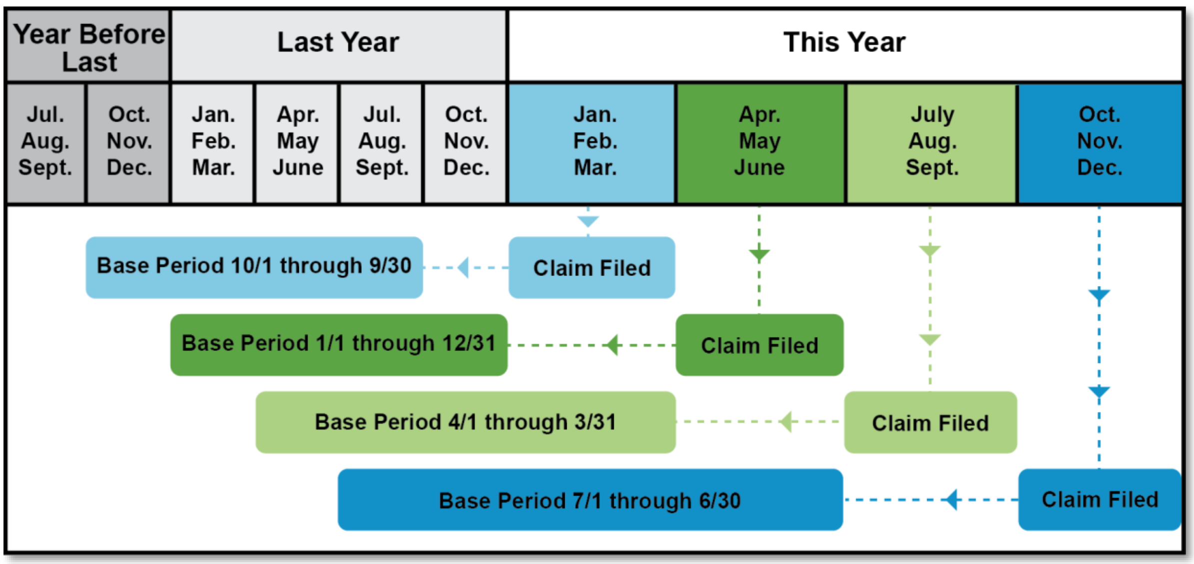
How claim information is calculated:

Determining Your Base Period

The base period changes every three months at the beginning of each new quarter starting in January, April, July, and October. The chart below will help you determine the first four quarters of the previous five completed calendar quarters before you filed a claim.

Directions: Locate the month in which you filed your claim in the "This Year" section of the chart below. Then follow the arrow to the left to see the dates of your base period.

Example if you filed in February: You would locate the quarter that includes the month of February (colored light blue) below the "This Year" section of the chart, then look for the square that says, "Claim Filed" (colored light blue) below it, and finally follow the dashed line to the left to see that your base period (colored light blue) was for the dates of **10/1 through 9/30 of the previous years.**



Calculating the Weekly Benefit Amount (WBA) – [Minimum WBA is $32; Maximum WBA is $275]

Calculation: Determine the quarter in your base period with the highest wages. Divide those earnings by 26. (Florida law uses the number 26 to calculate what would equal approximately half of your average weekly earnings.)

Example of how the calculation is completed: From the table below, the highest quarter was the 2nd quarter. Dividing $6,317.03 by 26 equals $242.96. All benefits are rounded down to the nearest whole dollar. The WBA for this claim would be **$242.**

Example:

Employer	1st Quarter Oct/Nov/Dec	2nd Quarter Jan/Feb/Mar	3rd Quarter Apr/May/Jun	4th Quarter Jul/Aug/Sept	Totals
Sample Employer A	$0.00	$6,317.03	$3,762.63	$70.17	$10,149.83
Sample Employer B	$0.00	$0.00	$950.00	$695.00	$1,645.00
Totals	$0.00	$6,317.03	$4,712.63	$765.17	$11,794.83

Calculating the Maximum Benefit Amount (MBA)

Calculation: Your MBA can be determined by completing the two calculations below and selecting the lowest amount.

1. Divide the total base period wages by 4. (Base period wages are divided by 4 according to Florida law.)
2. Multiply the WBA by 12. (According to Florida law, the total number of weeks a claimant can receive benefits is 12.)

Example of how the calculation is completed:

1. From the table below, the total wages earned each quarter during the base period is $11,794.83. Dividing $11,794.83 by 4 equals $2,948.71. All benefit calculations are rounded down to the nearest whole dollar. The amount would be $2,948.
2. From the WBA calculation from the previous page, the WBA was $242. Multiplying $242 by 12 equals $2,904. The amount would be $2,904.

$2,904 is lower than $2,948. The MBA for this claim would be **$2,904**.

Example:

Employer	1st Quarter Oct/Nov/Dec	2nd Quarter Jan/Feb/Mar	3rd Quarter Apr/May/Jun	4th Quarter Jul/Aug/Sept	Totals
Sample Employer A	$0.00	$6,317.03	$3,762.63	$70.17	$10,149.83
Sample Employer B	$0.00	$0.00	$950.00	$695.00	$1,645.00
Totals	$0.00	$6,317.03	$4,712.63	$765.17	$11,794.83

Calculate the total number of Benefit Weeks

Calculation: Divide the MBA (the second calculation above) by the WBA (the first calculation above).

Example of how the calculation is completed: From the calculations above, the WBA is $242, and the MBA is $2904. Dividing $2904 by $242 equals 12. The claim would be monetarily eligible to receive 12 weeks of full benefits.

Reasons wages may be missing from your Monetary Determination:

Examples include:

- An employer reported the wrong social security number to the Department of Revenue.
- You worked for a Non-Profit Organization (AARP, Salvation Army), or a Church.
- You were Self-Employed.
- You were paid in cash.
- You were paid as an independent contractor and received a 1099-MISC instead of a W-2.
- You worked for the Military or as a Federal Employee, and the wages have not been received.
- You were paid from a different state.
- You worked as a commission only employee for a Real-Estate or Insurance company.

Note: If you are missing wages and it is not for one of the reasons above, visit the Reemployment Assistance Help Center and select "I need to add or remove wages from my monetary determination."